1	STATE OF NEW YORK: SKANEATELES PLANNING BOARD:
2	COUNTY OF ONONDAGA: TOWN OF SKANEATELES:
3	
4	In the Matter of:
5	A Public Information Meeting before
6	the Town of Skaneateles Planning Board to review the 9-lot subdivision,
7	<u>Hidden Estates,</u> at Tax Map #3601-37.1, East Lake Road, Skaneateles.
8	Donald Spear, Applicant.
9	
10	A <b>Public Hearing</b> in the above-matter conducted
11	before the Town of Skaneateles Planning Board, held at the Skaneateles Town Hall, 24 Jordan Street,
12	Skaneateles, New York, 13052 on <b>Thursday,</b> November 8, 2018, at 6:30 p.m.
13	Town Planning Board present:
14	JOSEPH SOUTHERN, Chairman, and members:
15	DONALD KASPER SCOTT WINKELMAN DOUGLAS HAMLIN
16	Clerk: Karen Barkdull
17	Board Attorney: Scott Molnar, Esq. Town Planner: Howard Brodsky
18	Also present: John Camp, P.E.
19	APPEARING FOR Applicant: BY: JOHN R. LANGEY ESQ.
20	(Hidden Estates) Costello, Cooney & Fearon, PLLC 500 Plum Street, Suite 300
21	Syracuse, New York 13204
22	Also Present: John Spear, Applicant Robert Eggleston, Architect
23	
24	Reported By:
25	Patrick J. Reagan, CSR Court Reporter

- Public Hearing - Hidden Estates - 11/8/18 -

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Okay. All set. We will call the meeting to order. It's 6:30.

The purpose of the meeting this evening is the continued review of the application on the Hidden Estates subdivision. To be more specific, this Board is charged with, under State regulations and under SEQR law, to -- and every application -- for a subdivision, with regard to compliance to the various SEQR laws that are out there.

What we need is, what we need is information.

And then all the information we can gather from you folks, things that, you know, that we might overlook, things that we can take into consideration in our, as we review the environmental impacts of this project. You people that are in the community, especially those that are nearby, have probably the best feel for it. And we would like to get your input.

The purpose of the meeting is not generally for us to answer questions. The Applicant may choose to answer at the conclusion of our rounds of speaking. But it's not necessary. The Applicant will be providing written responses to all comments that are made here this evening.

Scott, with that, would you like to contribute anything?

ATTORNEY MOLNAR: No, I think that's an accurate summary of the purpose of the meeting, for the Board to

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obtain public information from interested parties concerning Hidden Estates.

I think we have considered the format of the meeting to first allow the Applicant to present a brief summary of the overall proposal, the project, and its particulars; and followed by public information from interested parties who would like to speak, or otherwise provide comment.

And then with the closing, having the Applicant provide responses if it's readily available information that can answer any question posed.

And then subsequently, have the Applicant provide a formal written response. I think that's the perfect summary of this evening's agenda.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: All right. Karen, do we have our list of people who would like to speak?

BOARD SECRETARY: Yes, sir.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: We are going to restrict opening comments to three minutes. After we have completed a round of speakers, you will be given a second opportunity to speak for a shorter, well, amount of time. But we would like to get everybody's comments. I would to give you enough time but we don't want to, you know, really drag things way out. If someone has given a very thorough explanation of something or has expressed your concerns,

### - Hearing - Southern -

feel free to get up and say: "I agree with what John Smith said; and I support him all the way." Try not to be repetitious, you should avoid it. Just to keep things flowing well.

All right. First on our list for comments is Molly --

ATTORNEY MOLNAR: If I may?

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CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Go ahead.

ATTORNEY MOLNAR: Mr. Chairman, I would recommend that the Applicant have an opportunity.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: I am sorry. Jumping too far ahead.

ATTORNEY MOLNAR: For the proposal.

MR. EGGLESTON: Karen, you have the conservation analysis to start with.

BOARD SECRETARY: Yes.

MR. EGGLESTON: Bob Eggleston, architect for Don Spear and Hidden Estates. And we have worked on this for a number of years. We have gone through a number of different options. And this is where we are today.

Lot 3 is a total of 80.91 acres, and it's served by a common, shared, private driveway. And this is the area right here. Okay. It's about 81 acres, okay? Has a shared driveway that has, two lots that have been built on. Plus there is a third house that uses this common driveway.

The conservation subdivision that we are proposing will add eight additional building lots, with a large conservation easement on the remaining 90.3 percent of the land, or 73 acres. So, you will see in the plan where the conservation land will be.

We had two different landscape architectural firms identify the high value conservation land, and do a conservation analysis. And this development does not touch any of the high conservation land. No other potential use for the land can be provided for this level of protection.

So, going through, we first looked at the steep slopes. And what we have is some, along the existing driveway, over 30 percent which is in the red which is high conservation area. We have then 20 to 30 percent which is the medium, yellow. The light yellow is 12 to 20 percent. You have to remember, Town code allowed one to build in up to 30 percent. When it's over 12 percent, you have to do some precautions. And then the green areas are less than 12 percent.

The next slide there, we then looked at the protection of farm land. So, the red land is, we have preserved, already preserved agricultural, land has been put in conservation. So we have preserved agricultural here. We have agricultural here. I believe some of that may be put into conservation, or will be. We have

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unfragmented forest land here at the top. We have some abandoned agricultural land there.

So, we have put the high conservation for that in this area. We have medium. This is overgrown meadow in that area. And then this is maintained meadow which is low conservation for this element.

The next slide. We then looked at a viewshed The Planning Board asked us to look at it from three different perspectives. This is looking at it from East Lake Road at the bottom entrance of the property, looking straight up. So, the yellow, medium conservation value is this area that's visible; all of this area behind is not visible, so it's low for that.

Going to the next one, we then looked at it from East Lake Road, north of Pork Street. So we are, okay, we are way up here, looking back. So, you can't see any of this land. So that's low. You can see this a little bit. You can see this, which is really the ridge line, is what you see from Pork Street looking back over. So this is high conservation, medium, low.

The next one is from across the street, over near the boat launch. So, this is the property over across Basically, you see this meadow a little bit, so that's medium. You definitely see, this is important, this is the ridge line that -- you really don't see this because

it goes up, flattens out. It goes back up again. So again we have high, medium, low.

The next slide, the next area is -- water course and wetlands. There is an area of some wetlands up in, come up, up in the red areas. So, okay, so plus we have a stream coming along this edge here. And we have a stream coming along here, where we have the stream or the wetlands. We have made it red. We put one hundred foot buffer on it and made that yellow. The rest is green.

If we could go to the next slide? Okay. So what we did is a composite map. And we overlaid all the prior six pieces of conservation value. So what happens is, where you have this area, none of this had any high conservation area, or medium. This has different levels of medium conservation, in that area. This is really what has the high conservation, where it's very red. It falls under two or three different categories where it's lighter red or orange. It's really just one level. So, based on that, we put together a composite map.

And if we go to the last one, this is our proposed conservation analysis for the property. At the request of the Planning Board, we added additional -- at the request of the Board, we added, even though this only came up medium conservation, we made that high conservation, the areas around the road on that slope. But

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really, most of the high conservation area is back in this area. This is medium. There is a small area of high conservation, and location there.

So based on that, we are showing, and this is a little bit earlier, there is a later version after this.

We are showing the approximate locations of the building sites, keeping them out of the high conservation area. And so they are only in the medium or low conservation areas.

You can go to the sketch plan. You can go to the sketch plan, though, a conservation subdivision -- whereas two acres is the normal density in the Town of Skaneateles for development, our conservation subdivision requires an average of six acres per lot. Where the conventional, open space allows two acres per lot, Hidden Estates is nine acres per lot, density, far exceeding the standards.

The project is consistent with the comprehensive plan, specifically, Goal 2, Objective 1, Action a, c, d, and e.

The nine lots are clustered together. Thank you. The nine lots are clustered together.

Can you go to the second, page three that shows the whole lot. There we go. So we basically clustered the houses including the two on lots 1 and 2, we have clustered those together in this less steep area. And there is no building area. The building envelope does not enter this

small little red area, or the red areas here. So all the building envelopes are outside of the high conservation area.

And so what it does is it's preserved really the back half of this property, which is very important.

Because, especially from across the Lake, that's the ridge line that you see that wants to be uninterrupted.

So we put into conservation on Hidden Estates the land that's adjacent to the other conservation areas that are around here. So again, this is a continuation of it. It expands these areas that are already in conservation or are being used for farm.

The integrity of the wildlife habitat will be maintained within the large, non-fragmented conservation areas adjacent to other conservation areas.

There are -- no mature trees will be removed from the building envelopes. The building envelopes are in green.

All the building envelopes are placed such that no structure will be higher than the eastern ridge line, over here.

There is no original steep sloped areas (greater than 30 percent) will be disturbed with the road or building envelopes.

The existing common driveway -- can you go to

Rudy Zona's drawings? Okay. The existing common driveway has been re-engineered to exceed the minimum requirements for a private conservation road. We have achieved no greater than 12 percent for the maximum slope. We have berms or guide rails on the sides of the roads. The pavement for the road surface is 18 feet wide, which is 138 percent better than the required width. We have created 26-foot wide pullouts for firefighting equipment at water storage sites, and at the hammerhead. We will show you those items when they come up.

There is no re-grading the bank -- or regrading the bank at the lower curve -- which was identified as a problem, and it now conforms to the conservation road. We have also designed the turning radiuses to far exceed the standards for the code.

Another item that's unique to this is we did have a conversation -- several conversations with the Skaneateles Fire Department. And I am getting ahead of myself. We have two 10,000 gallon water storage tanks that will be provided in two locations for firefighting. There is no other subdivision without public water that provides this level of fire safety.

There is no sitework excavation material needed to be removed from this site. The existing storm water system is working currently as designed, and this was

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verified by the Town engineer. It will be maintained during the road alterations, and it will provide erosion control and protection of the watershed both during the road alterations and after the road is completed.

The existing driveway entrance on East Lake Road will be completed to the New York State DOT standard specs as Lot D, (Goldmann's lot) was to be completed ten years ago.

There is no new curb cuts required on East Lake Road.

Shared lakefront recreation is not a part of this project.

And the road and storm water maintenance agreement will meet or exceed the requirements of an HOA, and will be managed by the residents, through private driveway agreement -- I am sorry -- through private driveway agreement, which is allowed by Town Code.

Go back to my plan, please, okay. Look at the blown up one at the top here. Thank you. So basically, what we have done to lower the slope is that instead of swinging around here, we have actually come up and around like this. It gives us more length to decrease the slope to 12 percent. There will be a berm along this side so you don't fall off the side. There will be a guide rail here so you don't go into the ditch. That provides the storm

water down to the storm water pond at the bottom. We have storage tanks. We have ten thousand gallons of water stored for firefighting, and a turnout that's 26-foot wide so a fire truck can pull up next to this to pump out of the tanks. We have also have another tank here that provides water for firefighting. And there is a hammerhead that exceeds the Town standards and meets with what the Fire Department was looking for.

So, just a reminder to everyone present, that this is currently not protected open space. This is privately owned land which has the inherent property rights with it.

There are three possible future uses of the land:

Okay. We could return back to active agricultural, likely

it will be viticulture, with its associated fertilizers,

pesticides loads, and inherent water quality impact. We

could grow grapes.

We could do a 17-lot open space subdivision which we had shown the Planning Board at one point during this. We just make the road a little wider. We could have 17 lots up here.

And/or we could do the current 9-lot proposal before the Board which puts over 90 percent of the land into conservation easement.

Okay. Thank you.

# - Hearing - Elliott -

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Bob. Now are we all set, good to go?

ATTORNEY MOLNAR: Yes.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Okay. Calling on our first speaker. Molly Elliott. Three minutes, Molly, if you please.

MS. MOLLY ELLIOTT: Molly Elliott. 125 Orchard Road. I was a realtor on the project for most of it.

After you just heard it, we tried for several, couple years to sell the 80 acres. We tried a lot of different things.

I even gave up -- giving it to another realtor that just deals with land. There was really zero -- we tried many, many avenues. I did sell to Weaver and Nangle. There is a beautiful -- they both have beautiful views. I do feel like Don has scaled it down tremendously to make use of the land that's best for him, you know, to sell it.

It is a 9-lot subdivision. We have all seen cluster subdivisions. We have, in Skaneateles, the enhancement out there, I listed it as well. You don't feel your neighbor is on top of you there. This is like, like three times the land that each lot is going to have. So, I understand the privacy up there. I am sure that the people that are up there now that you are enjoying, but I really don't feel as if, with these amount of lots, that he's asking for, it's not going to feel like you're on top of

people. I think you're still going to have the open-space feel. And I do think it's a good project for Skaneateles.

I definitely believe in preserving the Lake, 100 percent. I felt like we have the professionals. I feel they have gone above and beyond, the past four years, going in front of the Board, several ideas and trying, the professionals making sure that we preserve the Lake, preserve the runoff, protect you know the road.

And since Don re-did that road, there was at one time a tremendous amount of water would flush into this Lake. Where, after the last couple storms that we have had, you can see that it really has stopped a lot of that runoff going into the Lake. I do feel as if he has gone the extra mile of really trying to do the best way for Skaneateles for the, you know, in having the professionals really do their job and look into this extraordinarily a lot, like tons of plans to make that, they're protecting the Lake and everything like that.

So I feel definitely in favor for it. I think he really gave his best foot forward to try to sell it as an 80-acre look, so he could make everybody happy that's up there. Unfortunately, we just couldn't fill that task. So I do think that this project will sell, and I think that the Town could use it. There is not a lot of lots for sale. So I am definitely for it. And I think he's really

# - Hearing - Elliott -

put a good foot forward in trying to please people.

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BOARD MEMBER WINKELMAN: What was the 80 acres listed at, Molly?

MS. ELLIOTT: We just had it down to 1.1.

BOARD MEMBER WINKELMAN: Originally, it was where?

MS. ELLIOTT: 2.4? And certainly when we have shown, we certainly have -- people can ask for whatever they want. We never turned down an offer. They just sold you know, Simmons lot went over two million dollars.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Okay, thank you, Molly.

Moving on. Tim, Tim Taylor? Jim?

MR. JIM TAYLOR: Yes. Jim Taylor. Yes, we live at 2951 East Lake Road, Skaneateles, and have farm land that you know undeveloped land of 40 acres that borders the northern property line of said property. We have had the property for, since 1948. And all was looked at the section of highway, is per mile of hillside as being unperkable and shale developed. So any type of runoff really doesn't stick into the ground. It dramatically affects and could possibly affect the Lake.

Selfishly, because we lived here so long, I have this pride and desire to keep the land as good as possible. I think in the last two or three years, with the extreme weather conditions, rain and otherwise, that the conditions

# - Hearing - Taylor -

that I have never seen before. Like my cousin lives down in the south end of the lake. Their whole hillside collapsed and pretty much almost destroyed the boathouse.

So I think there is a danger with the hillside effect. I think there is a danger with the shale. And I think, I can't understand how you would address the beach front with nine families going back and forth. And also the conditions of water and standards down there. So I just wanted to be here and formally oppose the project.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Connie Brace?

MS. CONNIE BRACE: Yes. I live at 15 Kane

Avenue. So I am not a neighbor of the property. But I did want to review the requirements that the Board has to go through before you even get to this process. And as I wasn't as familiar with what was proposed, I was concerned about the density of what was proposed in the context of its neighborhood.

And in reviewing the special permits and site plan review, I found that it states that the Town of Skaneateles, it's the policy of the Town of Skaneateles to "allow a variety of uses of land, provided that such uses do not adversely affect neighboring properties, the natural environment or the rural and historic character of the Town."

And I personally believe that I think this is a

bad move for the neighbors, for the rural environment, and the character of the area. So I think it's been stated by many neighbors prior, and will be again tonight, to have a negative impact.

In: Considerations in granting or denying special permits, as from the Code, Section 148-16: Major projects -- which this is -- Before granting a major project special permit, the reviewing board shall make specific written findings that the proposed major project -- and then there are a number of elements. And that one of them, first one, is that: The provisions and requirements of the local laws and regulations will be consistent with the purposes of land use district in which it's located, and with the Comprehensive Plan.

Now it is my opinion that it doesn't comply with the Comprehensive Plan because the Comprehensive Plan says that developments of this nature shall be positioned to the north, where we have sewage and water, and you're asking for this property to be modified extensively to provide those services.

The next item that I noted: It will not cause undue traffic congestion, unduly impair pedestrian safety.

And I believe that this is a congested road access onto 41.

And there is no mention of pedestrian safety, that I have seen. Not that I have been present at any of the other

#### - Hearing - Brace -

meetings. But I haven't heard anything about how people are going to get across a highway. That people travel at high speeds, and the number of people that are proposed to share this waterfront, which was denied, by Mr. Eggleston as being part of the project. I don't understand that.

I understand you have addressed the police and fire and emergency vehicle apparatus, although I am not convinced that, really, given the steep characteristics of the property, that this is fully addressed.

And then it says: Will not overload any drainage. One of the things of public water drainage or sewer systems, we have seen a history of drainage problems with this project, with this property, and its development. And given climate change and increasing storm intensity, the property should be provided with a more robust approach to storm water detention.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: If I could interrupt you there?

> MS. BRACE: Yes.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Your time has expired.

See, I was trying to go fast. Thank

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Yes, it does. From David Nangle.

> MR. DAVID NANGLE: Yes. David Nangle. I am the

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neighbor up there. Pretty much the only one. And this is the woman I fell in love with, and she turned out to be a bitch. Unfortunately, this has been nothing but a headache since for us, having gone into this with our eyes wide open. It might have been a different story. Right now, there are water issues. Neighbor gets 2.5 gallons a minutes. I get five. But when pumped, I don't get five. If I water my grass for two hours, my well is dry.

Could I have just, I have a video showing me doing this. This is the water I took out of my pressure tank before I left today. (Indicating jar exhibit.)

It's clearly clay. It's -- and the actual aquifer is not a good one. Why isn't it good? Because it's shale, and it's clay. It's actually called an aqua tard [ph]. And what that means is that as we go through, on the Thruway, we see little trickles of water, we are getting little trickles of water through the shale. In a dry year, that clay cuts those off. So I am basically looking at a well that within five to ten years, it could be dry again. These are just little tiny things, we are getting that's trickling water.

You're going to add nine more lots and take it away, if you allow this. I say they dig at least two test wells and have them pump-tested, so that I know the amount of money that I have in my property is going to stay there, and I am going to be able to get water. That's a \$7,000

# - Hearing - Nangle -

system. You can take just about anything out of water, but blue algae. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Dave. Robert Liegel?

MR. ROBERT LIEGEL: Yes.

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MR. NANGLE: By the way, do not drink that water.

MR. LIEGEL: I guess my summary question is: Why are you still reviewing this project? It should have been denied a hell of a long time ago. Because some of the basic things that are needed for this project, including water, just doesn't appear to be existing.

Also, you have got a downhill slope. Everything runs into the damn Lake. And it's not clean anymore.

I have been involved with the Lake Association for a lot of years. And frankly, you're fighting us. Because the nutrients that are going to come off of this property are going to feed the invasive species milfoil.

Do you have any idea how much the Lake
Association spends each year to get rid of milfoil? About
a quarter of a million dollars from donors. And they
shouldn't have to have that. But they are having it
because developments like this are creating an enormous
amount of runoff that goes right into the Lake.

And how they are going to -- how are you going to provide ten thousand gallon tanks? Doesn't do much for

fighting a fire.

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And all of these things should have been considered a long time ago, and very basically.

And this, my request to you, deny this thing in its entirety, and send a message to any other developers, that they can't get, they can't just do anything they want to do in Skaneateles.

That Lake is not clean. I have been here since And it's a hell of a lot dirtier now than it was when I first came here. And it's because of these kinds of developments. Widening a road creates greater runoff opportunities. So, it doesn't make sense.

You have got plenty, you have ample reasons in the zoning law to deny this application. It should have been denied at the beginning. Why beat yourself up constantly listening to all of this stuff, when in fact they are violating the zoning law in a number of provisions.

I handed up my notes to you before. hopefully, your scribe will not have to copy so much.

Very frankly, this application is basically fighting the Lake Association on trying to clean up the Lake and keep it clean. It doesn't make sense. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Dick. Schoener?

# - Hearing - Schoener -

MR. JOSEPH SCHOENER: Schoener. I have got -- I have used the Spear property, recreationally for over ten years now, and watched all the improvements and developments. My wife and I have known Don and Pam for a long time. And as I have watched the improvements that have been done, I see them as being done in a quality fashion. And methodically. And so you could see the impact of what's happening there. The pace seems to me to be responsible and has an eye on evaluating the impact. It seems like it's a conscientious eye on being environmentally and aesthetically, you know, aware.

I have had a daughter that I want to move back into the area. Her and her husband are interested in our home. We own on the Lake. So I am very interested in the value of the Lake and what's being done to the Lake. And I would like to build a home somewhere, not to the -- the Nangle's. But there is not many building lots. And one of them, a lot in the development that's being done this way, would be attractive to my wife and I. They are hard to come by and hard to find.

And it seems to me, as I watched this being done responsibly, I don't know all of the issues, but I would like to understand the restrictions. Because I am affected, affected in wanting to find ways to bring people like my daughter back.

# - Hearing - Schoener -

And I think the taxpayers increase. And the number of taxpayers into this community could help us deal with some of the issues, that they can make sure the Lake stays healthy. I think we need that tax base. And I would like to enhance it. So that's my take.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Ted Kush?

MR. TED KUSH: I am a friend of Don. Using the 80 acres recreationally about ten years. And a couple of things to see. I would like to see more developments of this nature. We need to welcome more people to Skaneateles into our schools. Our property taxes keep going up. And that's making this community more and more expensive, as it grows older and less diverse. We need to expand our property tax base. This proposal adds nine homes to the community, ultimately, more than \$100,000 per year in property and school tax receipts, and costs this Town little for the costs of the services.

Unlike the Loveless Farm development -- I opposed that, I don't oppose this because they are protecting 90 percent or some percent of the land. They are not developing in the high conservation areas.

This project has been revised and improved for years. And I think this effort should be applauded and not vilified.

Blanket opposition to good development does two

1 very damaging things: First, it lessens the impact of criticism where it is actually warranted; and Second, it 3 tells developers that the cost and effort to do things right, gains them nothing.

> This is the kind of development that we should encourage, and it follows the Comprehensive Plan for developing in the watershed. Thank you.

> > CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Tim Lambrecht?

MR. TIM LAMBRECHT: Tim Lambrecht. It took a while to figure it out myself. I am with the Vlassis Law I represent CPCS -- Citizens to Preserve the Character of Skaneateles. I promise you, I know that you -- I promise you, I forget that every time I mention it, I have written you two letters. I don't need to read the letters to you. You have them. Hopefully they are part of the record at this point.

> CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: They are.

MR. LAMBRECHT: So I really just want to focus on maybe a couple things that will aid you, and maybe aid others in this determination. I think one of the sources of frustration is that there has been sort of a lack of transparency with current members of Hidden Estates.

Two of the things we mentioned to you, I touched on in my last letter, was the concept of easements, and what's going to happen with the shared waterfront access.

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And my understanding for the first time that there is going to be no issue with easements. This was a little unclear, what the architect was saying.

And another question is really the homeowners association. We would be hopeful that those documents are, those kind of legal analyses would be shared with, if not me, at least with the stakeholders so that folks can make a determination about whether or not this is something they can live with or not live with. It's -- frustrating to see the process -- write these letters and not see any responses, although we have been fighting it.

That's my comments. I'll let other speak because I think they can talk about what their concerns are. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Holly Gregg.

MR. HOLLAND GREGG: Yes. Yes, I am Holly Gregg. I am with the CPCS. I am work alongside the neighbors in the area. And CPCS is very, very concerned about not only this type of development, we fought very hard, and in fact alongside Mr. Langey -- or Mr. Langey and Mr. Eggleston -- to oppose the Loveless Farm. And this is very similar in its, you know, in its impact in the watershed.

I brought a photo along for you guys to look at.

This is a photo of the Lake. I don't know how to do this.

But anyway, I will try to stand here. I first show it to

you, but this is from the water across the way. The homes that are being proposed are going to fit in this stripe here. Down here on this little brown houses, the Marchuska property and the Pajak [ph] property. Hopefully, you're familiar with this, sort of, off the photo. The homes that are, and the Nangle house right there, if you guys know, you know, you have all been up there. That's really getting up to close to the top of the knoll. The holes that have been proposed now are sort of in this area in this zone.

And I noted with interest that Bob Eggleston was saying that the way the subdivision is being designed, none of the rooftops will sort of stick out above the sort of the tree line. Here is what I guess what he was saying. The ridge line. But instead they are going to all impact into here.

So, one of the many issues the CPCS has is the impact this subdivision is going to change dramatically, you know, the look of the rural character. And Connie raised also, alluded to that. It's because, it's so obvious to all of us who are paying attention to this, that you know, you're going to just see a bunch of houses in this area, in this stripe.

Now some people may not object to that. But I think those of us who try to protect open vistas, the rural

#### - Hearing - Gregg -

character. And I understand that the basic concept of the Comprehensive Plan is to push development of this nature north of the town, and not to have it in the watershed. There is reasons for that. Back before we had toxic algae blooms, the primary reasons were to protect vistas and open space and to cherish them and honor them.

Now, as Bob Liegel said, we have really distinct problems with runoff as being created by all the housing in the area. So again, I don't want to be redundant, but there is a theme here. And CPCS is opposed to this.

I have videos for you to see. I saw a video tonight that was sent to me which really is interesting. I don't know if you have guys have seen it yet. I did send out, CPCS sent out an e-blast that had some videos. This one is different. This one showed, to me, it shows toxic algae blooms in 2014. So, it's all green. It's all that paint-green stuff. It's all right there at the base, in front of the Goldmann house and the Woodruff house, down there. The pink house.

So, I would be happy to email you that link. I thought, for nothing else, it's very interesting to see that it looks exactly like toxic algae.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Holland.

MR. GREGG: Thank you. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Rachael DeWitt?

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#### - Hearing - R. DeWitt -

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Hi, everyone. MS. RACHEL DEWITT: For those of you that don't know me, I am Rachael DeWitt. I am the executive director of the Skaneateles Lake Association. have been asked to come speak to this topic. I am going to redo my statement. Over the past couple decades, Central and Upstate New York have experienced an increased number of extreme precipitation events resulting in significant and damaging storm water runoff. Over this same time period, the Skaneateles Lake watershed is seeing increased development pressure for both new and redeveloped buildings. This combination of runoff and development has resulted in a large influx of sediments into the Lake. The Skaneateles Lake Association is concerned about any major development of a subdivision in our watershed. such as subdivisions have the potential to negatively impact our Lake.

The Planning Board should deeply investigate development for the sake of the Lake, which has reached its tipping point with respect to recurring toxic harmful algal blooms that have popped up over the past two years, and we expect them to continue if action is not taken. Experts have shown that the nutrients that feed the toxic algae are carried into the lake on the soils that drain from runoff from farm fields, residential properties and new construction in the watershed. Development will only add

to the problem if not carefully monitored on a daily basis.

Making the protection of natural features and vegetation a priority will add in reducing runoff.

Encouraging or requiring vegetative buffers, rain gardens, settling basins, permeable pavement, and tree ordinances are a few best management practices that can reduce detrimental impacts of runoff and erosion. The Board should also take into consideration the topography, the slope, soil conditions, degree of forestation and other land characteristics in determining whether development should or should not occur — or at least determine how much development should occur over a certain amount of land.

If necessary, we suggest implementing penalties for infractions of erosion and runoff control measures. Allocating variances is another threat to our water quality, and we request you keep these to a minimum. In the long-term, these measures will help to protect our Lake by keeping out sediments and nutrients. It will also help to maintain shoreline property values.

There are many issues that threaten the quality of our Lake. However, we can all be part of the harmful algal bloom solution. The Town Board, Planning Board and Zoning Boards can be the first line of defense in water quality protection. We encourage you to place a greater

emphasis on sediment, erosion and runoff control initiatives when evaluating and approving development applications. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Teresa Goldmann?

MS. TERESA GOLDMANN: Goldmann. My husband Paul,
we own the property in the front of the lot that we are
speaking of.

I understand that you believe that he built the water retention for the runoff to divert away from the Woodruff's, south of the property. And I appreciate that you have come to look at the property and see that it has been done.

At his request, and at his engineer's request, when the road was established, they asked us to put a pipe in to take water from the hill to divert it into that water runoff. It doesn't work. The water sits out, on the other side on the south side of that, on my property, runs under my driveway. I have a picture that will show, it undermines, the runoff under my driveway. It's actually caved, it's only a year old.

If you come to my waterfront property, that I bought from Mr. Spears, you can see that when I bought the property, I had no lakefront. It was a hill. I now have ten feet. You can stand on my property, and look up and see under 41. I called the State about this because there

### - Hearing - Goldmann -

is going to be a sinkhole some day. We lost three trees on the lakefront property. One causing damage to my dock, which we take care of, and we put it in.

Now the way the Lake, because we bought that property for the lake value, it's not going to maintain its value. It's going to, they are going to come and do some kind of support work, we are not going to have access to it. They are going to have take the stairs away that we now use.

I really wish you would come out and look at that, and to see the damage that the water runoff is doing.

I have pictures that show that that water retention basin is not being maintained. The water has washed away all the sediment, the shale. And the silt fencing, that they put in, is exposed. It is, I understand when they tell you that they are doing things, engineering-wise, that will maintain it, it's not being maintained. And that's my concern.

They are going to tell you they are going to do everything to engineering standards. I don't care what they are telling you. It's not true. Please come out and re-look at it. And you will see that it's not being taken care of.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Claire Howard?

MS. CLAIRE HOWARD: I think that this project in

#### - Hearing - Howard -

its original state was a mistake. As a matter of fact, it's locally called "Hidden Mistakes." I think it was a disaster. It poured an incredible amount of silt and nutrients into the Lake.

I have been up that road. It's very, very steep. You almost need a gondola to get there. I think it should not have taken place the first time around. And considering nine more houses up there, considering what everybody has said here, is sheer folly.

Where would we be if we had a dirty Lake? And this Lake is getting dirtier. What's going to become of us when we can't drink the water? What going to become of property values? This is an amazingly big subdivision that does not belong on high conservation land so close to our Lake on such a steep slope. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Pam, or Claire, I mean. Eva Doyle?

MS. EVA PAJAK: Hi. I am Eva Pajak.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: I am sorry.

MS. PAJAK: 2896 East Lake Road. I am here tonight to speak on behalf of Steve Datz -- who wasn't able to be here -- and my husband Dan and I. We are co-owners of the original 50-foot easement on Marchuska's property.

Earlier today, Steve Datz submitted to the Planning Board a detailed synopsis of the Hidden Estates

access of property as it relates to this new proposed subdivision and Lake access. We ask that you please read his letter as it details the main iterations and background on this issue at hand.

I will not reiterate the facts noted in the document, only to condense the explanation so that our joint grievances can be shared at this point.

As share owners of the original 50-foot easement of 2887 East Lake Road, we submitted letters to the Zoning Board of Appeals in June of 2011 expressing our concerns and objections to the creation of a 40-foot wide overlay easement that was created by Emerald Estates in March of 2011.

As noted in the letter from our attorney Robert Germain, on March 23rd 2011, Emerald properties, in violation of terms of our easement, granted the upper portions of Emerald Estates an easement over our easement, to allow lake access to an almost unlimited number of upland future residents.

The developer, in essence, is skirting the special permit requirements for shared use. I am sure it is not the intention of the Town of Skaneateles to allow unlimited shared use of waterfront parcels simply by avoiding use of the homeowners association. Please let me know if Skaneateles has in fact changed its position on

# - Hearing - Pajak -

this matter, and is now allowing unlimited use of similar parcels without a shared use permit simply by filing an easement, so that I can change the advice we have been giving to clients.

And his letter continued, but I won't -- that's already on file.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Yes.

MS. PAJAK: Steve Datz submitted a similar letter disputing the 40-foot overlay, on June 13th of 2011.

In conclusion, we have been disputing this questionable overlay easement since 2011. The current proposal is now attempting to expand the use of the overlay easement to a total of 12 dwellings, on a 40-foot easement. From our perspective, this approval would set a very troubling precedent and may cause civil and or municipal repercussions going forward. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Steve White? Steve Wit?

MR. STEVE WHITE: You have called me worst before.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Go ahead, Steve.

MR. STEVE WHITE: Thank you. I am Steve White.

I live kitty-corner across the street here. I still have,
in the summertime, up in woodland, which is up the road a
ways from Hidden Estates, driven by that property for
years. And the pink house used to be a house that the G.E.

people in Syracuse owned, and let all their people come out and use it all the time. It obviously is a single-family now.

But at any rate, and two things that really bothered me: One, which this lady just alluded to, was the fact that over the years, the planning boards have been smart enough to not allow people to buy a small piece of property on the Lake and then develop on the other side of the road or up the hill or some place, and allow tons of access. I don't know if this developer changed his mind in the last few minutes, before Bob made that announcement. And I would like to hear him answer that question. But, that shouldn't happen. There is no need for such things.

Dr. Spear -- Don Spear, pardon me, bought this property on his own. There is no hardship involved here. He created it himself. Crying the blues that they can't sell it, can't sell it for more than he paid for it? Too bad. It's not our fault.

And it's obvious, that in the past development, the developer has not been faithful to what he said he would do. We have had tons and tons of problems with runoff, with grade problems, with road washout. All of that sort of thing. And it keeps on coming.

It's obvious tonight, we have heard people indicate that when he said he would do, or didn't do or

didn't do it correctly, why are we even thinking about this?

I stand with Bob Liegel, and say I found it ludicrous that you're even listening to any of this tonight. It should be denied offhand.

And if he wants you to reduce it or start over and do something a little bit more reasonable, fine. Isn't it a wonderful thought that allows him to have their conservation easement, and so forth, way the heck up in back where nobody is going to use it anyway? The land that's most vulnerable to giving trouble to the Lake and to the runoff and so forth is exactly where he wants to put the houses. And he's going to have driveways and all of that kind of stuff. It is just berserk to even consider such a thing. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Steve. It's the only one that came off the chart. Dessa Bergen?

MS. DESSA BERGEN: Yes, I agree with what Steve said. I was looking at the zoning code, and at 148.16, there is a listing of considerations when you grant or deny a special permit. For major projects, I encourage you to look at No. 7. It says: "Will the project degrade any natural resource, ecosystem or historic resource including Skaneateles Lake or Owasco Lake." And No. 8, "Will it be suitable for the property on which it is proposed,

considering the property size, location, topography, individual particular soils" -- blah, blah, blah. It goes on and on. You can do it. I don't know if you have done findings yet. But, when you do your findings, I hope that you will consider this and say that this is not a suitable project. It's not a suitable project at the size and the scale and the location that it's in. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Dessa. Gretchen Messer?

MS. GRETCHEN MESSER: That's me. I wanted to,
One, acknowledge all of the individual issues, and
correlation to the Lake in terms of the development of it.
But then I want to step back and look at feasibility and
suitability. Is this project feasible? Anything can be
considered to be feasible. He can put in deeper wells. He
can have wetlands. He could have retention basins, he
could wind roads and make terrace feasibility isn't the
point.

Suitability. This site is not suitable for development, period. Right? So, it has high runoff. It has high slopes. It has poor soils for building. It's not good for, those soils aren't good for building. It has a perc water table -- you're going to have to go down 250 feet, right?

There is, there is other land. So we do need

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more residential in Skaneateles. That would be great. Not on this parcel. There is other land that is more suitable. This is not construction-suitable, no matter what you do. Put a mansion, a castle, a tent. But don't go with the tent. But that's about it. I mean, if you just ask, look at the environmental constraints alone would limit the suitability of this site for doing any work, regardless of its nine houses. Regardless of size, setbacks and things. It's the site itself.

There is a potential of -- I am going to brainstorm -- how about if the Town buys the land, and gives them land some place else that is more suitable?

What if it goes into a conservation easement? And he can build some place else and do transfer of development rights? What if we take some of the money for cleaning up the Lake from Governor Cuomo, buy the land, build it some place else, double the density? There are numerous trade-offs. That was it.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. All right. This concludes a round of speaking. I had a feeling a couple of you may have wanted to go on a bit longer. If so, would you stand and identify yourself? All right, Connie?

MS. CONNIE BRACE: Again, I am reiterating the same things that Dessa spoke about in the same section of the code. And so I just wanted to state, I agree with

### - Hearing - Brace -

everything she says, which I agree with, what I said about the lack of suitability of this project, due to the property. And I just want to submit some additional written comments for the record.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Was there anyone else?

MR. JUSTIN MARCHUSKA: Justin Marchuska -CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: No, we didn't get you on the
list, Justin. Go ahead.

MR. MARCHUSKA: Okay. I live 2887 East Lake Road, Skaneateles. It's my second home. I am a commercial developer. I develop properties all over, from Montauk, New York by the ocean; to Ithaca, New York. And I know what development is. And I see it a lot, people, where, it's a very -- what's the word -- very stringent, such as in Ithaca, and Lansing. I completed a medical facility on Craft Road, off Triphammer in Lansing. Again, they are very cognizant of the environment and how things are treated. And this development is not a responsible development.

I am pro-development all the time. 24 hours, seven days a week. And this is just not a responsible development. I am going to repeat what's been echoed, the topography of the property. The easement. And what brought me to Skaneateles and when I bought my home here is

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the way this community is run. It's run so well. I mean, it's so clean. The Lake is wonderful. And I don't think, as you know, I am an outsider. I wasn't born in Skaneateles but I believe what you know Skaneateles has done is created a treasure here. And to allow this type of development, it's not the right thing.

If I was Don and I was building this, the first thing I would have done, or if I was Bob Eggleston, I would have met with the neighbors. Work something out. how you make deals happen. I am a deal quy. That's how you do it. You don't come to a meeting and butt heads like That's not how it's done. You meet with people. You discuss. You come to a middle ground. I do it all the I had a project that I spent about \$200,000 to build a facility for a BOCES. I have owned a -- of buildings. I have leased a lot of buildings, over a million square The neighbors objected. I could have pushed it I didn't. I backed away, because I am a further. responsible developer. I said, you know, what the neighbors objected to, I didn't build the development, although I lost two hundred thousand I paid out, but I ended up doing many more projects. If you're responsible, it pays off for the long run. This is not responsible.

My thoughts would be is if there is a discussion, you know, if we want to sit and discuss it, great. But you

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can't, look, everything comes down to money in this day and age. It's a shame, but the story of life. But at times, there are certain properties that aren't conducive to development. I told myself, some things I owned for years, I can't do anything with them. And this, unfortunately, is one of them. And I feel bad, there is nothing you can do.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Dessa, do you wish to say?

MS. DESSA BERGEN: Yes, I would like to say one other thing. When you start building a big home, the site is torn up for three years — two or three years. I mean, we have had this, you know, single houses that have been in our lake front property that have been torn up for two or three years. And this is not on a high plateau, or a place where there is going to be a lot of runoff. But still runoff happens into the Lake. And so, when you multiply that times nine, that really has a very negative impact on the Lake. And I think you need to consider how long the properties are torn up.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Nancy, did you try to speak up?

MS. NANCY MURRAY: All I wanted to say is I was on the Board for eight years plus two. Nancy Murray, M-u-r-r-a-y. I just wanted to say, we went through all of this. I have been up on that, all through the ridge. And

Don, you got a special car so we could go up there. We did everything, on the Board. And my concern is, why is this still an issue? We made a decision a long time ago.

So, if is there new information to continue with this, that's fine. But it seems not fair to Don or to other people to continue this over and over. As you know, how many times has this issue come up. And Bob mentioned it too. It has come up many times. I think you have to make a decision. That's it. One way or the other.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Anyone else who has spoken, wishes to re-up for a couple minutes? Go ahead, Holly.

MR. H. GREGG: Holland Gregg. CPCS, I am reading this, by Steve Datz, who actually did the math on the amount of cubic yards of earth that is being proposed to be moved in order to flatten out the roads to bring it into compliance with the roadway. First of all, I want to say that in Bob Eggleston's presentation, he was saying that that red area is, that's a conservation area, right? That he was saying there was no building in there. But there is going to be a road through there. And so, to me, that means building is going to have to go through the conservation area. I don't know how we reconcile that.

But, so, in that red zone, sort of that photo, that's where the road is going to go. And it was broached

at the last meeting that 18 thousand cubic yards of dirt will be hauled away in order to flatten out that road. And Steve, after probably 20 cups of coffee, some math. And he ended up finding or determining that by the time you move that soil and shale, and the plan is -- by the way -- to move all that soil and shale up to the hillside up to the flat area up there and spread it. But did you know that 18 thousand cubic yards of dirt and shale will cover 11 acres one foot deep? Okay. So, think about that when you're doing the math.

So you're going to have a foot of shale spread across eleven acres up there to move around. Now we could double-check those numbers. But it's a lot of dirt. It's a lot of shale.

Another thing I wanted to be sure that the Board appreciates is that the neighbors and Mr. Spear are definitely on different pages with regard to the treatment of the HOA, and the treatment of the easements that have been proposed. I am hoping before the night is over that Bob Eggleston will clarify what you mean by the easements not being part of the development anymore. That would be nice. But the easement discussion goes all the way back to the very first days of this project getting started. And I just want you guys to be all very aware that the neighbors and the easement holders have not agreed with Mr. Spear on

how this is supposed to play out. And I believe that if it plays out in the way that Mr. Spear has proposed, there is going to be serious problems.

And I think, the Board, before you go ahead and keep this going forward, if it were me and I was sitting on the Board, I would say: Why don't you guys work it out and come back when you got it worked out before we go any further? That would be the very least thing you could do on this. Because there are very serious problems you may not be aware of. I don't want to get into it now but when we are off the record. And look into it a little bit more, okay? Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Holly. Tim Lambrecht. Tim?

MR. LAMBRECHT: No one mentioned it. One of the things we talked about was the fire suppression system. In the letter I wrote you on August 6th, very specific question I have is, let's just say hypothetically, it went toward -- the tanks get built, who maintains them? Who pays for that? I would like to hear that answer. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thanks, Tim. Connie Brace?

MS. CONNIE BRACE: Connie Brace again. I want to reiterate what Holly brought up that add to the excavation from the homes which are not part of this Applicant's work.

#### - Hearing - Brace -

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So that we will have all these additional excavations of houses over time as people buy these properties with all the relocation of the land and potential additional Lake issues. That's all.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Gretchen? MS. GRETCHEN MESSER: No. Mine was just to be a real quick comment with regard to Holland's mathematical wizardry. Is that the movement of dirt -- they are moving dirt and shale. That means your top soil and your dirt layer is really shallow. If you're going to go anywhere, you're hitting shale. So, that what are you going to do for a basement? Because this causes problems. Water moves through. It hits the wall, goes out, it runs off, you haven't enough -- you have to take into mind the shallow soils. Shale is not stable. Shale is problematic. more expensive. And I am very glad the engineer and architect and planner all have sufficient funds to be able to build something in such poor soil conditions. It's not safe. It's not prudent. And I think that gets back to, it's not suitable.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Wait a minute. Teresa?

MS. GOLDMANN: Yes.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Goldmann?

MS. TERESA GOLDMANN: Yes, I don't remember who

said it, about coming together, that was never addressed. I don't know if you went to any of the three of us, who owned the properties. He came to me once to ask me if he could widen the driveway. We own the driveway with an easement thing. If the driveway is widened, my electric pole will be gone. My well will be gone. I have already lost two trees from the runoff on the water. He has never come to us, except for when he sold us the lot, at a premium because there was going to be four lots, on that property. Four. And that's why we paid a premium.

I am so grateful for you all in Skaneateles who have money. My husband and I have put our investments in our home. If this takes place, my home is not worth, you're totally putting the driveway in my front yard. It's just, he has never come and asked, said: This is my plan. Because we were told when we brought the property, there would be four lots. And we paid that, we paid for that property. Because there was going to be four lots. Now we are talking about fourteen.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Okay. Thank you. Just a minute, Bob. Could we just, could we keep our comments as much as you can, towards the SEQR process toward the environmental impact, please? Try to avoid personal complaints, if you can. Bob? Mr. Liegel? Not personal.

MR. ROBERT LIEGEL: I would urge you when you're

#### - Hearing - Liegel -

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considering the result on this thing to emphasize the environmental impacts of this thing. I mean, we have an extensive board for the Skaneateles Lake Association. They are all working very hard. I know, I am. And I have done it for a lot of years. But please, consider and focus on the environmental impacts of this thing. If you do that, I am absolutely sure that you will reject this thing. It's a disaster. It needs to go away. And I pity you for having spent so much time on a disastrous application where the issues have not been addressed, and they have not been resolved. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you. Yes, Mr. White?

MR. STEVE WHITE: Steve White. I neglected to
say one thing before. And I have got some pretty good
friends sitting up there behind the desk. And also a bunch
of pretty good friends back here. And all of us appreciate
all of what you have to do. And I just want to say, thank
you for listening to us, for putting in your time, and
paying attention to what we have to say. Because without
you guys backing us up, we would be in some serious
trouble. We thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you for your comments. (Applause.)

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: If there are no further questions, we will close the comment period. Thank you all

for coming, unless, I am sorry, Bob, did you want to say some --

MR. EGGLESTON: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Bob, closing comments? I am sorry.

MR. B. EGGLESTON: Thank you for having this information period. And I am really relieved I am not applying for a special use permit.

This is a subdivision. The Skaneateles

Comprehensive Plan recognizes that there will be

development, and that controlled development is a good

thing. This development avoids strip development and

sprawl. It encourages major conservation easements that

protect the ridge line and adjoins other conservation land.

It incorporates cluster development with "density neutral"

conservation zoning.

Furthermore, the proposed project incorporates several "smart growth principles."

With this proposal, this Board has the opportunity to approve development where development already exists, at a density rate 450 percent less than that allowed by zoning, and at a level that is consistent with the surrounding area.

Development at this site will lessen the pressure for development of active agricultural land, which chips

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off a few acres at a time in an ad hoc manner without any installation of road infrastructure or stormwater runoff management, and leads to high visibility out-of-place homes in the middle of a field, that are the very hallmark of urban sprawl.

As was repeatedly highlighted by the previous chairman of the Planning Board, farmer Mark Tucker, this is not good farm land. With this proposal, the Town can choose to have the development tucked in on poor quality inactive farm land, and alleviate development pressure on high-quality, active farm land elsewhere.

The proposed lots are not visible from East Lake Road, and can barely be seen from across the Lake at the public boat launch, requiring binoculars to discern anything. From that vantage point, the view of this property, framed by the ridge line to the east of this property, is almost entirely composed of the 75 acres of conservation land that will be protected forever -- over 90 percent of the land.

Under this conservation easement, none of the lots will be allowed to be subdivided in the future.

Opposition to the project cites concerns of nutrient runoff, if the subdivision is approved, pretending that this is "open space" while completely ignoring the reality that the land is zoned for agriculture. The amount

of runoff from 80 acres of active agricultural land would be in the order of magnitude greater than eight (8) additional homes.

Consultation with viticulture experts from

Cornell University have identified wine grapes as the ideal crop for this land due to its slope and "poor farm land" attributes which stresses grapes giving them improved flavor. Once established, Cornell recommends a baseline application of an average of more than 250 pounds of fertilizer per acre annually. In addition, to pounds of pesticides. On 80 acres, that would be twenty thousand pounds of nutrients annually.

During the last 15 years, the applicant has exhausted efforts to find alternative uses for this property. There are three possible future uses for the land: Return to active agricultural, like growing grapes, with associated fertilizer and pesticides;

The 17-lot Open Space Subdivision, the feasibility of which was demonstrated to the Board earlier this year;

Or the current 9-lot proposal before the Board.

Anyone can see that an additional eight homes instead of 80 acres of agricultural is good for the Lake. That having 90 percent of the land protected by conservation easement is a win for wildlife, water quality,

1 and the character of Skaneateles Lake.

A letter dated August 6th, 2000 18, to Chairman Southern from counsel representing the Citizens to Preserve the Character of Skaneateles noted that it had the full support of Justin Marchuska, David and Suzanne Nangle, Eva and Dan Pajak, and Charles and Victoria Woodruff, and stated that the proposed safety improvements to the existing driveway should be made. We agree.

Thank you for all participating in the process.

Many of the comments made tonight appear to be in response to misinformation that has been disseminated by a few people who oppose development of any kind. The Applicant intends to provide a written response to all the comments offered tonight. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SOUTHERN: Thank you, Bob. At this point, at this point, we are going to close it. I appreciate your comments. We always accept written material. If you would like any explanations of the process that we follow to get through these SEQR reviews or to go through any of the subdivision law as regards to the Town, you can contact me. I will gladly read the code to you. Okay. Because there are answers to all of those concerns. Thank you.

(Public Information and Comment period ended at 7:48 p.m.)

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13 STATE OF NEW YORK: COUNTY OF ONONDAGA:

I, PATRICK J. REAGAN, a Certified Shorthand Reporter and Registered Professional Reporter, in and for the State of New York, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the Public Hearing, County of Onondaga, recorded at the time and place first above-mentioned, is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

CERTIFICATE

\_\_\_

Date: 11/13//&

Patrick J. Reagan, CSR

16 Dunlap Ave.

Marcellus, NY 13108

(315) 673-9358

## p. 53

# SKANEATELES <u>PLANNING</u> BOARD PUBLIC MEETING/HEARING SPEAKER LIST <u>THURSDAY</u>, November 8, 2018

				<u>written</u>
Order#	<u>Page</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>submittal</u>
1	4	Robert Eggleston	Project Architect	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
2	13	Molly Elliott	125 Orchard Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
3	15	Jim Taylor	2951 East Lake Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
4	16	Connie Brace	15 Kane Avenue	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
5	18	David Nangle	2890 East Lake Road	(jar)
			Skaneateles, NY	
6	20	Robert Liegel	2030 West Lake Road	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
7	22	Joseph Schoener	2516 West Lake Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
8	23	Ted Kush	1437 West Seneca Tpk.	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
9	24	Tim Lambrecht, Esq.	6312 Fly Road	
			East Syracuse, NY	
10	25	Holland Gregg	CPCS, PO Box 689	
			Skaneateles, NY	
11	28	Rachael DeWitt	1853 West Lake Road	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
12	30	Teresa Goldmann	2886 East Lake Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
13	31	Claire Howard	12 Academy Street	
			Skaneateles, NY	
14	32	Eva Pajak	2896 East Lake Road	*
			Skaneateles, NY	
15	34	Steve White	20 State Street	
			Skaneateles, NY	
16	36	Dessa Bergen	1448 Old Seneca Tpk.	
			Skaneateles, NY	
17	37	Gretchen Messer	2935 West Lake Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
18	38	Connie Brace	(2nd Comments)	
19	39	Justin Marchuska	2887 East Lake Road	
			Skaneateles, NY	
20	41	Dessa Bergen	(2nd Comments)	
21	41	Nancy Murray	(Former Skan. Plan. Brd)	
			Skaneateles, NY	
22	42	Holland Gregg	(2nd Comments)	
23	43	Tim Lambrecht	(2nd Comments)	

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24	45	Gretchen Messer	(2nd Comments)	
25	45	Teresa Goldmann	(2nd Comments)	
26	46	Robert Liegel	(2nd Comments)	
27	47	Steve White	(2nd Comments)	
28	48	Robert Eggleston	(Project Architect) (Closing comments)	*
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(Contemporaneous Speaker List included)